Year Group	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4
Торіс	All about me/ Winter	Тоуѕ	Тоуѕ	Rotten Romans	Rotten Romans
	Wonderland	-			
Skills:		I	I	I	I
Controlling sounds through singing and playing (performing)	Take part in singing. Follow instructions on when to sing or to play an instrument	<ul> <li>Take part in singing showing awareness of melody - vocal sounds <i>playing at the park adding high and low vocal sounds.</i></li> <li>Follow instructions on how and when to sing/play an instrument - call and response song – show me one click</li> <li>Take notice of others when performing.</li> <li>Make and control long and short sounds (duration) in different ways including</li> </ul>	Sing songs in ensemble following the tune (melody) well. Use voice to good effect understanding the importance of warming up first. (Exploring vocal sounds) Perform in ensemble with instructions from the leader (If you're feeling blue) Make and control long and short sounds using voices and instruments, playing by ear	Sing songs from memory with accurate pitch and in tune. Show control in voice and pronounce the words in a song clearly (diction). Maintain a simple part within an ensemble - Ancient worlds Play notes on instruments clearly and include steps/ leaps in pitch.	Sing in tune, breathe well, pronounce words, change pitch and dynamics. Sustain a rhythmic ostinato/ drone/ melodic ostinato (riff) (to accompany singing) on an instrument (tempo/ duration/ texture). Perform with control and awareness of what others are singing/ playing. Improvise within a group using more
		hitting, blowing and shaking (vocal and body percussion sounds in weather) Imitate changes in pitch– high and low. – animal sounds	and including simple improvisation (duration) - Toys - beat Carefully choose instruments to combine layers of sound, showing awareness of the combined effect.	Improvise (including call and response) within a group using 1 or 2 notes. Perform own part with increased control or accuracy when singing or playing both tuned and untuned instruments.	than 2 notes. Perform significant parts from memory and from notation, either on a musical instrument or vocally. Maintain a simple part within an
			Use own voice in different ways, including using a loud or soft voice and sing simple repeated phrases - Ourselves - exploring	Sing songs confidently both solo and in groups	ensemble
Creating and developing musical ideas (composing)	Clap short, rhythmic patterns Make different sounds (high	Carefully choose sounds to achieve an effect (including use of ICT).	<b>Compose and perform melodies</b> using two or three notes.	<b>Compose and perform melodies</b> using three or four notes.	<b>Compose and perform melodies</b> using four or five notes.
	and low – pitch; loud and quiet – dynamics; fast and slow – tempo; quality of the sound – smooth, crisp, scratchy, rattling, tinkling etc timbre)	Order sounds to create an effect (structure- beginnings/endings). – A surprise meeting Create short musical patterns.	Use sound to create abstract effects (including using ICT). Create/ improvise repeated patterns	Make creative use of the way sounds can be changed (accompaniments), organised and controlled (including ICT).	Use a variety of different musical devices including melody, rhythms and chords.
		Create sequences of long and short sounds- rhythmic patterns (duration) in different	(ostinati) with a range of instruments. Effectively choose, order, combine and	Create accompaniments for tunes using drones or <b>melodic ostinato</b> (riffs).	Create own songs (raps- structure).
		ways – e.g hitting, blowing, shaking, clapping.	control sounds (texture/ structure).	Create (dotted) rhythmic patterns with awareness of timbre and duration.	Identify where to place emphasis and accents in a song to create effects (duration).
		Control playing instruments so they sound as they should. Use pitch changes to communicate an idea.		Create and repeat extended rhythmic patterns, vocally or by clapping	Create and repeat extended rhythmical patterns, using a range of percussion and tuned instruments
		Start to compose with two or three notes.			

## Music

		Create a simple rhythm by clapping or using percussion			
Responding and reviewing (appraising)	Take note of others when performing	<ul> <li>Hear the pulse in music - beat</li> <li>Hear different moods in music - say it song</li> <li>Identify texture- one sound or several sounds?</li> <li>Choose sounds to represent different things (ideas, thoughts, feelings, moods etc.).</li> <li>Say what they like or dislike about a piece of music - Chinese dance</li> </ul>	Identify the pulse in music. Recognise changes in timbre (sound quality: smooth, crisp, scratchy, rattling, tinkling etc.), dynamics (loud and quiet), tempo (fast and slow) and pitch (high and low). Start to recognise different instruments. Explain what they like about a piece of music and why	Internalise the pulse in music. Know the difference between pulse and rhythm. Start to use musical dimensions vocabulary to describe music–duration, timbre, pitch, dynamics, tempo, texture, structure. Use these words to identify where music works well/ needs improving.	Know how pulse stays the same but rhythm changes in a piece of music. Listen to several layers of sound (texture) and talk about the effect on mood and feelings. Use more musical dimensions vocabulary to describe music–duration, timbre, pitch, dynamics, tempo, texture, structure, rhythm, metre, riff, ostinato, melody, harmony. Identify orchestral family timbres.
Listening and applying knowledge and understanding	Choose sounds to represent different things (the thunder, sea etc)	<ul> <li>Listen for different types of sounds.</li> <li>Know how sounds are made and changed.</li> <li>Make sounds with a slight difference, with help - faster/slower</li> <li>Use voice in different ways to create different effects.</li> <li>Begin to represent sounds with drawing</li> <li>Listen to a piece of music, describing if it is fast or slow, happy or sad</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Listen carefully and recall short rhythmic and melodic patterns.</li> <li>Use changes in dynamics, timbre and pitch to organise music.</li> <li>Change sounds to suit a situation.</li> <li>Make own sounds and symbols to make and record music.</li> <li>Start to look at basic formal notation- play by ear first.</li> <li>Know music can be played or listened to for a variety of purposes (in history/ different cultures).</li> <li>Follow a simple piece of written rhythmic notation.</li> <li>Describe basic elements of a piece of music (e.g. pace, volume, emotion).</li> <li>Describe how an instrument has been used to represent a sound or object (e.g. a flute for a bird or a drum for thunder)</li> </ul>	Use written symbols both standard and invented to represent sounds. Use relevant musical vocabulary (e.g. pitch, rhythm, tempo and pulse) when talking about the elements of music within a piece. Recognise changes in the music using	Identify cyclic patterns. Combine sounds expressively (all dimensions). Read notes and know how many beats they represent (minim, crotchet, semibreve, quaver, dotted crotchet, rests). Know that sense of occasion affects performance. Describe different purposes of music in history/ other cultures. Follow a basic melody line, using standard notation. Describe and compare and then evaluate different kinds of music using appropriate musical vocabulary. Describe how a piece of music makes them feel, making an attempt to explain why. Recall sounds with increasing aural memory

Knowledge Rec	ception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4
and note areacover time? NC aims for Keysing, percutStages 1 (Years 1 and 2) and 2the c(Years 3-4):indepM1: perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods, genres, styles and traditions, including the works of the great composers and musicianssing, percut the cM2: learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and composemusic	dren are encouraged to g, dance and play cussion instruments across curriculum, both as ependent activities and It led opportunities such Christmas songs, epy-crawly Calypso song ing instruments to ompany, music from erent countries; matching sic to movement by moving different farm animals and vement in PE.	Ourselves: Exploring sound Exploring pitch of vocal sound; <i>Playing at the Park</i> and other songs) Choreograph action song & body percussion song <u>Number: Beat</u> ' <i>The Nutcracker Ballet Suite</i> ' and other pieces Play a steady beat and explore dynamics on percussion instruments. Match changes in tempo. <u>Animals: Pitch</u> Move like animals listening to ' <i>Noises in the night</i> ' & others. perform a chant using high/low pitched voices. Compare pitch of different animal sounds using voices. <u>Weather: Pitch</u> Listen to ' <i>Mr Wind</i> ' & others perform action song. Make wind sounds using voice & body percussion. Explore instrumental sounds for thunder, wind & rain.	Ourselves: Exploring sound         Explore vocal sounds. Listen to 'John Kanaka and the ghosties' and others & add body percussion and instruments Perform call/response song expressing mood with voice.         Toys: Beat         Listen to 'Scooter girl and others' & learn song with faster/slower sections. Perform changes in tempo to match.         Weather: Pitch         Listen to 'Waiting for the bus and others' & perform chant rhythmically & with actions. Perform vocal & instrumental ostinati also using body percussion. Listen to 'Vivaldi's Winter - 'The Four Seasons' & think how the music depicts the weather.         Pattern:Beat         Listen to 'spider song' and others & count 4-beat pattern.         Listen to 'insect leg dance' & perform a song with 2 diff beat patterns.	Environment: Composition Listen to ' <i>My place</i> and others' & sing in 2 voice parts & perform. Learn ostinato accompaniment using tuned percussion. Compose a soundscape to depict local environment using voices/body percussion/instruments. Building: Beat Listen to ' <i>Building site</i> 'and others. Compose new rhythms & decide on musical structure. Create class performance incl. a song & composition. Ancient Worlds (Greek) Structure Listen to ' <i>Ancient lyre strings</i> ' Learn about melodic echoes. Combine 3 songs in a round with Ostinato & perform. Food & drink: Performance Listen to ' <i>Banana Mango</i> ' & play rhythm chant using body percussion.Listen to ' <i>Shortnin</i> ' <i>Bread</i> ' Accompany using drone/ostinato parts using instruments.	Environment: Composition Listen to ' <i>My place</i> and others' & sing in 2 voice parts & perform. Learn ostinato accompaniment using tuned percussion. Compose a soundscape to depict local environment using voices/body percussion/instruments. Building: Beat Listen to ' <i>Building site</i> 'and others. Compose new rhythms & decide on musical structure. Create class performance incl. a song & composition. Ancient Worlds (Greek) Structure Listen to ' <i>Ancient lyre strings</i> ' Learn about melodic echoes. Combine 3 songs in a round with Ostinato & perform. Food & drink: Performance Listen to ' <i>Banana Mango</i> ' & play rhythm chant using body percussion.Listen to ' <i>Shortnin</i> ' <i>Bread</i> ' Accompany using drone/ostinato parts using instruments.

## Thomas Johnson Lower School : Dream - Discover - Flourish